

**SAFETY DATA SHEET****Evap Oil**

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

**1. Identification****Product identifier****Product name** Evap Oil**Product number** F0524-060, F0524-062**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use****Application** Lubricating oil**Uses advised against** No specific uses advised against are identified.**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet****Manufacturer** Lubriplate Lubricants Co.  
Corporate Headquarters  
129 Lockwood Street  
Newark, NJ 07105Midwest Office & Plant  
1500 Oakdale Ave.  
Toledo, OH 43605  
419-691-2491  
419-693-3806**Emergency telephone number****Emergency telephone** Chem-Tel: 1-800-255-3924 (US & Canada only)  
01-813-248-0585 (Outside US & Canada)**2. Hazard(s) identification****Classification of the substance or mixture****Physical hazards** Flam. Liq. 3 - H226**Health hazards** Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304**Environmental hazards** Not Classified**Label elements****Pictogram****Signal word**

Danger

## Evap Oil

<b>Hazard statements</b>	H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/ doctor. P312 Call a poison center/ doctor if you feel unwell. P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
<b>Contains</b>	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

<b>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</b> CAS number: 64742-48-9	<b>30-60%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Muta. 1B - H340 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	
<b>Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate</b> CAS number: 64741-65-7	<b>30-60%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Muta. 1B - H340 Carc. 1B - H350 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

**Composition comments** \* The exact percentage withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

**General information** Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

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<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Rinse with water.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
<b>Protection of first aiders</b>	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

<b>General information</b>	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Redness. Irritating to skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Irritating to eyes.

### **Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

<b>Notes for the doctor</b>	Treat symptomatically.
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## **5. Fire-fighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

<b>Specific hazards</b>	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapors may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard.
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<b>Hazardous combustion products</b>	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.
<b><u>Advice for firefighters</u></b>	
<b>Protective actions during firefighting</b>	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
<b>Special protective equipment for firefighters</b>	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>Personal precautions</b>	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.
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#### Environmental precautions

<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
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#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labeled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
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<b>Reference to other sections</b>	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

## Evap Oil

### Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapors may accumulate on the floor and in low-lying areas. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate sparks from static electricity. Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

#### Storage class

Flammable liquid storage.

#### Specific end uses(s)

#### Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

## 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

### Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

#### Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

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<b>Hand protection</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
<b>Other skin and body protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Water-white. Colorless.
<b>Odor</b>	Mild.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point</b>	Not available.
<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	171-204°C/340-399°F
<b>Flash point</b>	> 54°C/129.2°F Cleveland open cup.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	< 0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	<0.0013 kPa @ 25°C
<b>Vapor density</b>	> 5
<b>Relative density</b>	0.76
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Insoluble in water.
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	Not available.

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Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	1.5 cSt @ 40°C
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	Not available.
Other information	None.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Oxidizing materials. Acids - oxidizing.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating.

##### Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

##### Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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### Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**IARC carcinogenicity** None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Reproductive toxicity - fertility** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity - development** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Target organs** Central nervous system

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

### Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

**General information** The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.

**Ingestion** May cause irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

**Skin Contact** Redness. Irritating to skin.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes.

**Route of exposure** Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target Organs** Central nervous system

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The degradability of the product is not known.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bio-Accumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

**Partition coefficient** Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Mobility** No data available.

### Other adverse effects



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**Other adverse effects** None known.

### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

##### **General information**

The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

##### **Disposal methods**

Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Vapor from residual product may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Do not cut or weld used containers unless they have been thoroughly cleaned internally.

### 14. Transport information

##### **General**

For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.

#### UN Number

UN No. (TDG)	1268
UN No. (IMDG)	1268
UN No. (ICAO)	1268
UN No. (DOT)	UN1268

#### UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (DOT)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

#### Transport hazard class(es)

DOT hazard class	3
DOT hazard label	3
TDG class	3
TDG label(s)	3
IMDG Class	3
ICAO class/division	3

## Evap Oil

### Transport labels



### DOT transport labels



### Packing group

TDG Packing Group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
DOT packing group	III

### Environmental hazards

#### Environmentally Hazardous Substance

No.

### Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-E, S-E

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

## 15. Regulatory information

### US Federal Regulations

#### SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### SARA 313 Emission Reporting

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### CAA Accidental Release Prevention

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

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### SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### US State Regulations

#### California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### Minnesota "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### Inventories

#### US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

*Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate*

#### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### 16. Other information

#### Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid  
 Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard  
 Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation  
 Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation  
 STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

#### Training advice

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

#### Revision comments

Rereleased through new GHS Software.

#### Revision date

5/4/2017

#### Revision

1.01

## Evap Oil

**Supersedes date** 3/10/2015

**SDS No.** 4754

**Hazard statements in full**

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H350 May cause cancer.

**End of SDS**

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.