# CRO

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

Product identifier Fuel Therapy® with Anti-Gel

Other means of identification

**Product Code** No. 05428 (Item# 1003809)

Recommended use Fuel additive
Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufactured or sold by:

Company name CRC Industries, Inc.

Address 885 Louis Dr.

Warminster, PA 18974 US

**Telephone** 

 General Information
 215-674-4300

 Technical Assistance
 800-521-3168

 Customer Service
 800-272-4620

 24-Hour Emergency
 800-424-9300 (US)

(CHEMTREC) 703-527-3887 (International)
Website www.crcindustries.com

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 3Health hazardsAcute toxicity, inhalationCategory 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Category 2

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Aspiration hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use with adequate ventilation. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Response

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Collect spillage.

Storage Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle		64742-80-9	60 - 70
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	10 - 20
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		64742-48-9	10 - 20
solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.		64742-94-5	3 - 5
naphthalene		91-20-3	< 1

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

None known.

# 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Ingestion

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved.

General fire hazards

Flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Occupational exposure limits**

# US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
017 12 10 0)		100 ppm	

Material name: Fuel Therapy® with Anti-Gel

Components	Туре	Value	
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m3	
,		10 ppm	
solvent naphtha	PEL	400 mg/m3	
(petroleum), heavy arom.			
CAS 64742-94-5)			
		100 ppm	
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	ì		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), nydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
naphthalene (CAŚ 91-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
solvent naphtha	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
petroleum), heavy arom. CAS 64742-94-5)		J	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	ical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
distillates (petroleum), nydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		100 ppm	
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3	
14pminatorio (0/10/01/20/0)	OTEL	15 ppm	
	TWA	• •	
	IVVA	50 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	

**Biological limit values** 

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Exposure guidelines** 

US - California OELs: Skin designation

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

Can be absorbed through the skin. naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-94-5)

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Hand protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

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Respiratory protection If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a

NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to

determine actual employee exposure levels.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state
Form
Color
Dark amber.

Odor
Petroleum.

Odor threshold
Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Liquid.
Liquid.
Dark amber.

Not available.
Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

315 °F (157.2 °C) estimated

Flash point 140 °F (60 °C) Setaflash

**Evaporation rate** Slow.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

0.6 % estimated

7.5 % estimated

0.7 hPa estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%) Vapor pressure

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.81

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Negligible.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 450 °F (232.2 °C) estimated

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Percent volatile** 97.2 % estimated

Other information

**Pour point** 8.6 °F (-13 °C)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

products

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

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**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing,

redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if inhaled.

Components Species Test Results

distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9)

<u>Acute</u>

**Dermal** 

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Acute Dermal

DEO

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

<u>Acute</u>

**Dermal** 

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

**Acute** 

Oral

LD50 Rat

at 490 mg/kg

solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (CAS 64742-94-5)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting,

may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.

Chronic effects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may

be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
distillates (petroleum), hydro	desulfurized r	niddle (CAS 64742-80-9)	
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
distillates (petroleum), hydro	treated light (	CAS 64742-47-8)	
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	3 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotr	eated heavy	(CAS 64742-48-9)	
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	1.6 mg/l, 96 hours
solvent naphtha (petroleum)	, heavy arom.	(CAS 64742-94-5)	
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	1.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	EC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2 mg/l, 96 hours
	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2 mg/l, 96 hours
sistence and degradability	No data is	available on the degradability of any ingredier	nts in the mixture.

Pε

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

naphthalene 3.3

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

This product is not a RCRA hazardous waste (See 40 CFR Part 261.20 – 261.33). Empty **Disposal instructions** 

containers may be recycled. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all

applicable regulations.

## 14. Transport information

#### DOT

#### Road

Not regulated as dangerous goods by ground.

DOT

Air

UN number UN1268

**UN proper shipping name** Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. or Petroleum products, n.o.s., Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 144, B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 203
Packaging bulk 242

DOT

Maritime

UN number UN1268

**UN proper shipping name** Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. or Petroleum products, n.o.s., Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 144, B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 203
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1268

UN proper shipping name Petroleum products, n.o.s., Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group III
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed with restrictions.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG** 

UN number UN1268

UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S., Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group III
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. EmS F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Material name: Fuel Therapy® with Anti-Gel

SDS US

## 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity** 

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) 100 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

#### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

Not regulated. Food and Drug

Administration (FDA)

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
naphthalene	91-20-3	< 1	

## US state regulations

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Material name: Fuel Therapy® with Anti-Gel

## **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: February 27, 1987 ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 ethylene oxide (CAS 75-21-8) Listed: July 1, 1987 naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002 propylene oxide (CAS 75-56-9) Listed: October 1, 1988

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997 ethylene oxide (CAS 75-21-8) Listed: August 7, 2009 methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012 toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

ethylene oxide (CAS 75-21-8) Listed: February 27, 1987

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997 ethylene oxide (CAS 75-21-8) Listed: August 7, 2009

## US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

# Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

#### **EPA**

VOC content (40 CFR

97.2 %

51.100(s))

**Consumer products** 

Not regulated

Inventory name

(40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)

**State** 

**Consumer products** Not regulated VOC content (CA) 97.2 % VOC content (OTC) 97.2 %

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region

Country(s) or region	inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 03-10-2015

United States & Puerto Rico

Material name: Fuel Therapy® with Anti-Gel No. 05428 (Item# 1003809) Version #: 03 Revision date: 02-20-2018 Issue date: 03-10-2015

Yes

On inventory (vec/ne)\*

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Revision date 02-20-2018
Prepared by Allison Yoon

Version # 03

Further information CRC # 892A/1002876

**Disclaimer** The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not

be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety

professional, or CRC Industries, Inc..

**Revision information** This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: Fuel Therapy® with Anti-Gel