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## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: OATEY #11 LIQUID FLUX

Product No.: 30106

Product Use: Flux with strong cleaning agent.

Formula: See Section 2 Synonyms: Flux for Soldering

Firm Name & OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland,

Mailing Address: Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com

Oatey Phone Number: (216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532

Emergency Phone For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For

Numbers: chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at

1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

Prepared By: Technical Department

Preparation Date: May 1, 2009

## SECTION 2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:	<pre>% wt/wt:</pre>	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:
Water	40 - 60%	7732-18-5	None	None
			Established	Established
Zinc Chloride	30 - 40%	7646-85-7	1 mg/m3(fume)	1 mg/m3(fume)
			2 mg/m3 STEL	
Hydrochloric Acid	10 - 20%	7647-01-0	2 ppm Ceiling	5 ppm Ceiling
Ammonium Chloride	4 - 10%	12125-02-9	10 mg/m3 (fume)	None
			20 mg/m3 STEL	Established
Tergitol	< 1	Unknown	None	None
			Established	Established

# SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Yellow paste with a slight odor. Cause burns to the eye and skin. Inhalation of fumes may cause respiratory irritation, metal fume fever, chills, nausea and vomiting. Swallowing may cause burns to the mouth or throat, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

OSHA Hazard Classification: Corrosive, target organ effects

# SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-877-740-5015 or 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Call

a physician or poison control center if irritation persists.

Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately

flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If

irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not

breathing, give artificial respiration. Keep victim quiet and warm. Call

a poison control center or physician immediately.

Ingestion:  ${\tt DO}$  NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything

by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center

or hospital.

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# SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint / Method: Not applicable

Flammability: LEL = Not applicable, UEL = Not applicable

Extinguishing Material will not burn.

Media:

Special Fire Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in

Procedure: areas where chemicals are used or stored.

Unusual Fire and None known.

Explosion Hazards:

Hazardous Hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, ammonia, nitrogen oxides.

Decomposition Products:

# SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel Leak cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective Procedures: equipment. Take up spill with sand, earth or other absorbent material

and place into a clean, dry leak-proof container.

# SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Do not get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take

internally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when

not in use. Handle with care. Keep out of reach of children.

Storage: Store in original, labeled container.

Other: Containers, even empty will retain residue and may be harmful.

#### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Good general ventilation (equivalent to outdoors) should be adequate

for normal use. For operations where the TLV may be exceeded,

mechanical ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to maintain

exposure levels below applicable limits.

Respiratory For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved

Protection: particulate respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended.

Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Skin Wear rubber gloves.

Protection:

Eye Safety glasses with sideshields or safety goggles.

Protection:

Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

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SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 208 Degrees F (97 Degrees C)

Melting Point: Not determined Vapor Pressure: Not determined

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Greater than 1

Volatile Components: 60 - 65% Solubility In Water: Soluble pH: 2 to 3

Specific Gravity: 1.14 @ 20 Degrees C
Evaporation Rate: Not determined
Appearance: Yellow Liquid
Odor: Very little odor

Will Dissolve In: Water Material Is: Liquid

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable. Conditions To Avoid: None.

Hazardous Hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, ammonia, nitrogen oxides.

Decomposition Products:

Incompatibility/ Strong oxidizing agents, potassium, cyanides and sulfides.

Materials To Avoid:

Hazardous Will not occur.

Polymerization:

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Fumes from heated product may be corrosive to mucous membranes and

the respiratory system. Fumes may cause burning sensation,

coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, cyanosis, fever, chills, muscular pain, anemia, metallic taste in the mouth, headache, nausea, vomiting, sweating, diarrhea and pulmonary edema.

Repeated inhalation of fumes may cause occupational asthma.

Symptoms may be delayed.

Skin: Contact will cause burns.

Eye: Vapors or fumes may cause redness, pain, blurred vision and

corneal damage. Direct contact will cause burns and eye damage

with possible blindness. Symptoms may be delayed.

Ingestion: May cause burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting or

diarrhea. Death may occur from strictures of the esophagus and

pylorus. Symptoms may be delayed.

Toxicity Data: Hydrochloric acid: Inhalation rat LC50: 3,124 ppm

Zinc Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 350 mg/kg
Ammonium Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg

Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization. Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect

carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

Mutagenicity: None of the components have been found to be mutagenic.

Reproductive None of the components are known to cause adverse reproductive

Toxicity: effects.

Medical Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders

may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

Aggravated By Exposure:

Conditions

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## SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine at the time of

disposal of the product.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: None EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: D002 EPA Hazard Waste Class: Corrosive

## SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive Liquid, nos

Hazard Class/Packing Group: 8, PG III UN/NA Number: UN1760 Hazard Labels: Corrosive

IMDG

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive Liquid, nos

Hazard Class/Packing Group: 8, PG III
UN Number: UN1760
Label: Corrosive

2004 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: 154

#### SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Section Acute Health, Chronic Health

311/312:

Section 302 Extremely This product does not contain chemicals regulated

Hazardous Substances (TPQ): under SARA Section 302.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following chemicals

subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting

requirements:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \underline{\text{Chemical}} & \underline{\text{CAS \#}} & \frac{\$ \text{ wt}}{30-35\$} \\ \underline{\text{Zinc Chloride}} & 7646-85-7 & 30-35\$ \\ \underline{\text{Hydrochloric acid}} & 7647-01-0 & 12-15\$ \end{array}$ 

CERCLA 103 Reportable

Quantity:

Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for Zinc Chloride (35% max) of 1,000 lbs, is 2,857 lbs.

Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal,

state and local regulations.

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain chemicals regulated

under California Proposition 65.

TSCA Inventory: All of the components of this product are listed on

the TSCA inventory.

Canadian WHMIS Classification: Class E; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the

information required by the CPR.

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# SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 Special: None

HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 3\* Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 PPE: B

## Disclaimer:

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