# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



Revision Number: 001.1 Issue date: 08/12/2009

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: LOCTITE 2046 THRDLCK 12ML PT A IDH number: 1189205

Product type: Anaerobic Adhesive Item number: 1186840\_1363470 Region: United States

 Company address:
 Contact information:

 Henkel Corporation
 Telephone: 860.571.5100

One Henkel Way

Rocky Hill, Connecticut 06067

Emergency telephone: 860.571.5100
Internet: www.henkelna.com

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW** 

HMIS:

Physical state:LiquidHEALTH:\*2Color:Light yellowFLAMMABILITY:1Odor:Slightly, MustyPHYSICAL HAZARD:1

Personal Protection: See MSDS Section 8

WARNING: HARMFUL IF INHALED.

MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN AND RESPIRATORY REACTION.
MAY CAUSE EYE, SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION.

MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE.

Relevant routes of exposure: Inhalation, Skin, Eye contact, Ingestion, Aerosols or vapors can be formed during heating,

foaming, or spraying.

**Potential Health Effects** 

Inhalation: Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI) vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can

irritate the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Over exposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has been reported to cause lung damage. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough,

shortness of breath or asthma attack, could be immediate or delayed (up to several hours after exposure). Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for

several years. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent.

**Skin contact:** Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the

following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove. Chronic: Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering and in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have skin sensitization can develop these symptoms from contact with liquid or vapor. Animal tests have indicated that respiratory sensitization can result from skin contact with MDI. These data reinforce the need to prevent

direct skin contact with MDI.

Eye contact: Liquid, aerosols or vapor are irritating and can cause tearing, reddening and swelling. If left

untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. Damage however is usually

reversible. See Section 4 for First Aid measures.

**Ingestion:** Irritation and corrosive action can occur in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract if

swallowed. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, voniting and diarrhea.

Existing conditions aggravated by exposure:

Asthma. Other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperreactivity). Skin allergies. Eczema.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous components	CAS NUMBER	%
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	26447-40-5	60 - 100
Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)	101-68-8	10 - 30
1,3-Butanediol, polymer with 1,1'-		
methylenebis[isocyanatobenzene], [(1-methyl-1,2-	150449-03-9	10 - 30
ethanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[propanol] and		

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash with soap and water.

Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get

medical attention.

**Eye contact:** Flush with copious amounts of water, preferably, lukewarm water for at least

15 minutes, holding eyelids open all the time. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion:** DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep individual

calm. Get immediate medical attention.

Notes to physician: Eyes:Stain for evidence of corneal injury.If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic

steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin: Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. This compound is a known skin

sensitizer.Ingestion:Treat symptomatically.There is no specific

antidote.Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound.Respiratory:This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point: > 110 °C (> 230°F) Closed cup

Autoignition temperature: > 600 °C (1,112°F)

Flammable/Explosive limits - lower: Not available
Flammable/Explosive limits - upper: Not available

Extinguishing media: Water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special firefighting procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as

turn-out gear. During a fire, MDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. At temperatures above 204.4°C (400°F), polymeric MDI can polymerize and decompose which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is

possible.

Unusual fire or explosion hazards: In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

Hazardous combustion products: Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrocarbons. Hydrogen cyanide.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

**Environmental precautions:** Do not allow product to enter sewer or waterways.

Clean-up methods:

Storage:

Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment during clean-up. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed containers for disposal. For minor spills, absorb isocyanates with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of 80% water and 20% non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10; or 90% water, 3-8% concentrated ammonia and 2% detergent. Add about ten parts of neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let carbon dioxide escape. Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution letting stand for at least 15 minutes.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Protect from moisture. When using do not

eat, drink or smoke. Use only with adequate ventilation.

For safe storage, store between 16 °C (60.8 °F) and 38 °C (100.4 °F) Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. MDI reacts slowly with water to form carbon dioxide gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and

possibly rupture. Do not store in reactive metal containers.

For information on product shelf life contact Henkel Customer Service at (800) 243-4874.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Employers should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for, and selection of, proper exposure controls and protective equipment for each task performed.

Hazardous components	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	AIHA WEEL	OTHER
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	None	None	None	None
Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)	0.005 ppm TWA	0.02 ppm (0.2 mg/m3) Ceiling	None	None
1,3-Butanediol, polymer with 1,1'- methylenebis[isocyanatobenzene], [(1-methyl-1,2- ethanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[propanol] and	None	None	None	None

**Engineering controls:** 

Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever MDI is processed, heated or spray applied. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (i.e., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Air monitoring: Monitoring of airborne isocyanates in the breathing zone of individuals should become part of the overall employee exposure characterization program. Isocyanate exposure levels must be monitored. Monitoring techniques have been developed by NIOSH and OSHA. Medical Surveillance: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with isocyanates is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with pulmonary function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to an isocyanate, no further exposure can be permitted.

Respiratory protection: Concentrations greater than the TLV can occur when MDI is sprayed, heated

or used in a poorly ventilated area. In such cases, or whenever concentrations of MDI exceed the TLV, respiratory protection must be worn. A positive pressure, supplied-air respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. In situations where MDI is not sprayed, heated, or used in a poorly ventilated area, and a supplied-air or self-contained breathing apparatus is unavailable or its use impractical, at least an air-purifying cartridge and particulate pre-filters must be worn. However, this should be permitted only for short periods of time (less than one hour) at relatively low concentrations (at or near the TLV). However, due to the poor warning properties of MDI, proper fit and timely replacement of filter elements must be ensured. Observe OSHA regulations for respiratory use (29 CFR 1910.134).

Eye/face protection: Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Wear chemical goggles;

face shield (if splashing is possible).

Skin protection: Permeation resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol).

However, please note that polyvinyl alcohol degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams

are used, keep the area covered by the cream to a minimum.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Liquid Light yellow Color: Odor: Slightly, Musty Odor threshold: Not available pH: Not available Vapor pressure: Not available

Boiling point/range: > 300 °C (> 572°F) Decomposes.

Melting point/ range: Not available Specific gravity: Vapor density: 1.23 8.5

> 110 °C (> 230°F) Closed cup Flash point:

Flammable/Explosive limits - lower: Not available Flammable/Explosive limits - upper: Not available > 600 °C (1,112°F) Autoignition temperature: Evaporation rate: Not available Solubility in water: Not available Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available

**VOC** content: 0.37 % (value as mixed for use)

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

Hazardous reactions: Will not occur.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of carbon. Hydrogen cyanide. Isocyanates.

Incompatible materials: Bases. Water, Amines, Alkalis, Alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper

alloys and aluminum.

Conditions to avoid: Contamination with water. Heat. See "Handling and Storage" (Section 7) and

"Incompatibility" (Section 10).

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral product toxicity: LD50 (rat) > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal product toxicity: LD50 (rabbit) > 5,000 mg/kg

Hazardous components	NTP Carcinogen	IARC Carcinogen	OSHA Carcinogen (Specifically Regulated)
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	No	No	No
Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)	No	No	No
1,3-Butanediol, polymer with 1,1'- methylenebis[isocyanatobenzene], [(1- methyl-1,2- ethanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[propanol] and	No	No	No

Hazardous components	Health Effects/Target Organs	
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	Allergen, Irritant, Mutagen, Respiratory	
Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)	Irritant, Respiratory, Allergen	
1,3-Butanediol, polymer with 1,1'-		
methylenebis[isocyanatobenzene], [(1-methyl-1,2-	No Data	
ethanediyl)bis(oxy)lbis[propanol] and		

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecological information:** For both polymeric and monomeric MDI: Aquatic toxicity - LC50 - 24 hour

(static): greater than 500 mg/l for Daphnia magna, Limnea stagnalis, and

Zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio).

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information provided is for unused product only.

**Recommended method of disposal:** Follow all local, state, federal and provincial regulations for disposal.

**Hazardous waste number:**Not a RCRA hazardous waste.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping classifications in this sections are for non-bulk packaging only (unless otherwise specified). Shipping classification may be different for bulk packaging.

### U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (49 CFR)

Proper shipping name: Not regulated Hazard class or division: None Identification number: None Packing group: None

### International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA)

Proper shipping name: Not regulated

Hazard class or division:
Identification number:
Packing group:
None

### Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG)

Proper shipping name: Not regulated Hazard class or division: None Identification number: None Packing group: None

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **United States Regulatory Information**

TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status: All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act

Inventory.

TSCA 12(b) Export Notification: None above reporting de minimus

CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS: None above reporting de minimus CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312: Immediate Health, Delayed Health

CERCLA/SARA 313: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of

section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40

CFR 372). Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) (CAS# 101-68-8).

CERCLA Reportable quantity: Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) (CAS# 101-68-8) 5,000 lbs. (2,270 kg)

California Proposition 65: No California Proposition 65 listed chemicals are known to be present.

**Canada Regulatory Information** 

CEPA DSL/NDSL Status: Contains one or more components listed on the Non-Domestic Substances List. All other

components are listed on or are exempt from listing on the Domestic Substances List. Components listed on the NDSL must be tracked by all Canadian Importers of Record as required by Environment Canada. They may be imported into Canada in limited quantities.

Please contact Regulatory Affairs for additional details.

WHMIS hazard class: D.1.A, D.2.A, D.2.B

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

This material safety data sheet contains changes from the previous version in sections: First issue. 9

Prepared by: Kyra Kozak Woods, Manager, Regulatory Affairs

DISCLAIMER: The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. However, Henkel Corporation does not assume responsibility for any results obtained by persons over whose methods Henkel Corporation has no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of Henkel's products or any production methods mentioned herein for a particular purpose, and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use of any of Henkel Corporation's products. In light of the foregoing, Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties, express or implied, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel Corporation's products. Henkel Corporation further disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits.